

METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR SECURING SCRAMBLED DATATechnical Field

The invention relates to the field of access control to scrambled data.

It concerns more specifically a process for securing scrambled data supplied to a plurality of
5 terminals, each of said terminals comprising a plurality of descrambling modules M_j ($j = 1..M$), each having a specific processing capacity and a specific level of security, said data being previously subdivided into M families F_j ($j = 1..M$), each
10 comprising N blocks B_i ($i = 1..N$), each block B_i ($i = 1..N$) of a family F_j being scrambled by a key K_j ($j = 1..M$) associated with the family F_j .

The receiver terminals are mobile equipment (ME) (Mobile Equipment) for widespread public use such as
15 for example portable telephones, personal digital assistants known PDA or even audiovisual receiver or computers.

The invention also relates to a system for securing data and/or services comprising a scrambling
20 platform and an descrambling platform for implementing the process.

The data to be secured are literary or artistic works protected by a digital rights management system DRM (Digital Right Management). These works can either
25 be stored on media such as for example a CD ROM or a DVD, or transmitted or downloaded from a remote server to a plurality of receiver terminals connected to a transmission network.

Prior Art

In systems for securing data of the prior art, the content to be protected (audio, video, text) is
5 scrambled at the operator end and deciphered, as it is being received by the subscriber by an descrambling algorithm stored in the receiver terminal.

A major disadvantage of these systems originates from the fact that on reception, the entire distributed
10 content is descrambled by the same descrambling module. Also, in the event of pirating, all this content becomes accessible and can then be redistributed fraudulently over illicit networks.

A first solution known to solve this problem
15 consists of confining the descrambling module to premises with secure access. This solution is not adapted to those applications in which the terminals are for widespread public usage.

A second solution, based on the reinforcement of
20 the security of the receiver itself, consists of preventing installation on the terminal of any suspect software and authorising the installation solely of "certified" software, that is, software for which downloading authorisation has been given.

25 This solution also is not adapted to the applications cited above which utilise "open" receivers fitted with an input/output interface enabling any type of software (computers, audio and video receivers) to be downloaded, by comparison to terminals "locked" by
30 fabrication, such as decoders for example, to prevent a

subscriber from fraudulently downloading descrambling software.

The aim of the invention is to overcome the abovementioned disadvantages of the prior art.

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Description of the Invention

The invention proposes a method for securing scrambled data supplied to a plurality of receiver terminals, in which each of said terminals comprises a
10 plurality of descrambling modules M_j ($j = 1..M$), each having a specific processing capacity and a specific level of security, and in which the data are previously subdivided into M families F_j ($j = 1..M$), each comprising N blocks B_i ($i = 1..N$), each block B_i ($i =$
15 $1..N$) of a family F_j then being scrambled by a key K_j ($j = 1..M$) associated with the family F_j .

According to the invention said blocks B_i ($i = 1..N$) are previously organised as a function of the respective processing speeds of the descrambling
20 modules M_j .

According to the invention the modules M_j ($j = 1..M$) are different peripheral elements associated with said receiver terminal.

Owing to the invention an attack on one of the
25 modules M_j ($j = 1..M$) allows an incomplete file to be reconstructed, as it lacks the part processed by the other modules. The pirated file will be severely degraded relative to the original and thus unexecutable.

In a first embodiment, the descrambling modules M_j ($j = 1 \dots M$) comprise different algorithms A_j ($j = 1 \dots M$).

In a second embodiment the descrambling modules M_j ($j = 1 \dots M$) comprise identical algorithms A_j ($j = 1 \dots M$).

In the two embodiments, the data to be distributed are in the form of a previously stored file or in the form of a stream broadcast in real time.

In a particular application of the process according to the present invention, the stream of data represents audio and/or video programs or animated drawings (multimedia animation), or even images of syntheses protected by a DRM system.

The invention also relates to a system for securing scrambled data comprising a scrambling platform and a descrambling platform.

The scrambling platform comprises:

- means for subdividing said stream into M distinct families of N blocks B_i ($i = 1 \dots N$),
- means for assigning to each family a specific identification parameter p_j ($j = 1 \dots M$) associated with at least one descrambling module M_j having a specific processing capacity and a specific level of security,
- means for scrambling each block B_i by a key K_j ($j = 1 \dots M$) in biunivocal relation with the parameter p_j .

According to an essential characteristic of the invention, said descrambling platform comprises means for identifying the family of each block B_i so as to

descramble each block B_i of a family of type p_j by the module M_j corresponding to said parameter p_j .

According to a preferred embodiment, the descrambling platform comprises a plurality of distinct
5 descrambling modules M_j ($i = 1 \dots M$).

In a another embodiment of the invention, the data to be secured are audiovisual programs broadcast to a plurality of subscribers equipped with a user licence managed by a DRM system.

10 The mobile equipment can be a PDA or a mobile telephone fitted with a SIM (Subscriber Identity Module) smart card.

In this case, the data are distributed between a first descrambling module M_1 integrated in the PDA
15 (respectively in the mobile telephone) and a second descrambling module M_2 constituted by the smart card itself.

Brief Description of the Drawings

20 Other characteristics and advantages of the invention will emerge from the following description, given by way of non-limiting example in reference to the attached figures, in which:

Figure 1 schematically illustrates a stage of
25 typing data to be secured by the process according to the present invention,

Figure 2 schematically illustrates a stage of scrambling a family of data obtained by the previous stage,

Figure 3 schematically illustrates a first embodiment of the first and second stage of the process according to the present invention,

Figure 4 schematically illustrates the
5 descrambling phase for families of data obtained by the preceding stages,

Figure 5 illustrates a preferred embodiment of the stage illustrated by Figure 4,

Figure 6 schematically illustrates a terminal
10 employing the process according to the invention,

Figure 7 illustrates a time chart schematically illustrating processing by the process according to the invention of a stream of data broadcast or downloaded in real time by the terminal,

15 Figure 8 illustrates a time chart illustrating management of the scrambling keys of the stream of Figure 7.

Detailed Description of Particular Embodiments

20 The following description relates to an implementation of the invention in which the scrambled data represent audio and/or video programs broadcast or downloaded to a PDA (Personal Digital Assistant) comprising a SIM smart card. The PDA comprises a first
25 descrambling module M1, a second descrambling module being the SIM card itself.

The data to be secured can be downloaded from storage media (CD, DVD) or from a specialised server (music, video, anim  , ring tones, electronic ebook).

30 They can also be broadcast over a network.

Irrespective of the implementation in question and the type of data, before these data are distributed, the process comprises:

a first processing phase comprising:

5 - a typing step consisting of forming M families F_j ($j = 1 \dots M$) of data each comprising a number n_j of blocks of data B_i ($i = 1 \dots N$), each family being identified by a parameter p_j .

10 - a scrambling step of each block B_i of a family F_j by a key K_j ($j = 1 \dots M$) in biunivocal relation with the parameter p_j .

and on reception of the data by a terminal the former undergo a second processing phase comprising:

15 - an identification step of the family of each block B_i received,

 - a descrambling step of each block B_i by means of the key K_j by a module M_j ($j = 1 \dots M$) identified by a parameter p_j .

20 According to an essential characteristic of the invention, the modules M_j ($j=1 \dots M$) which help descramble the blocks B_i of two distinct families are different.

25 These can be either different peripheral devices associated with the receiver terminal, or independent software stored in the memory of the terminal or a peripheral device.

Case of a previously stored data file.

30 Typing

Figure 1 illustrates an audio and/or video data file 2 organised in blocks known as access units AU (Access Unit) according to the MPEG 4 standard (Motion Picture Expert Group).

5 A first step 4 of the method consists of partitionning the file 2 into m families F_j ($j = 1 \dots m$) each comprising an integer n_j of blocks B_i ($i = 1 \dots N$); each family F_j is identified by parameter p_j ($j = 1 \dots m$).

10 The parameter p_j also identifies the module M_j which will be responsible for descrambling the blocks B_i of the family F_j .

In the described implementation, the file is portioned into two families F_1 and F_2 whereof the
15 respective blocks will be descrambled respectively by a module M_1 integrated in a PDA and by the SIM card constituting the module M_2 .

During typing, a parameter p_1 is associated with the family F_1 of blocks B_i which will be descrambled by
20 the module M_1 and a parameter p_2 is associated with the family F_2 of blocks B_i which will be descrambled by the SIM card.

Scrambling

25 Figure 2 illustrates a second step 6 during which the blocks B_i of a family F_j are scrambled by a key K_j ($j = 1, 2$) defined as a function of the respective processing capacity and the degree of security of the module M_1 integrated in the PDA and the SIM card. The
30 scrambled blocks B'_i are stored in a file 8.

In a another embodiment of the method illustrated schematically by Figure 3, the typing 4 and the scrambling 6 of a block B_i are carried out successively.

5 In another embodiment, not shown, the scrambling is done family by family.

The file 10 containing the scrambled blocks B'_i is then transmitted to the PDA.

10 Descrambling

Figure 4 illustrates the descrambling phase of a file 10 comprising distinct families F_j of previously scrambled MPEG blocks.

At stage 12, the blocks B'_i are identified by
15 their respective parameter p_j , then routed to the corresponding descrambling modules M_j .

The deciphered blocks are then rearranged to form the original file 2 which will be supplied to the user.

Figure 5 schematically illustrates a preferred
20 embodiment of the descrambling in which the blocks B_i contained in the file 10 are processed on the fly block by block.

Time processing of a stream of data

25 Figure 6 schematically illustrates the internal modules of a PDA enabling descrambling.

The PDA illustrated comprises an input stage 20 for identifying the blocks B'_i in a stream, a demultiplexing stage 22, a first descrambling module
30 24, a smart card constituting a second descrambling

module 26, a multiplexing stage 28 and an output stage 30.

Figure 7a schematically illustrates a stream of data, broadcast or downloaded, comprising blocks B_i in
5 MPEG 4 format.

Initial processing of this stream, carried out at the sender, consists of reorganising the MPEG blocks as a function of the respective processing capacities and speeds of the module M1 and of the SIM card.

10 Figure 7b shows the stream of Figure 7a in which a family formed by blocks of type A and a family formed by blocks of type B were created.

In this example, the blocks of type A will be descrambled by the module M1 and the blocks of type B
15 by the SIM card.

Due to the fact that the capacity and the processing speed of the SIM card are less than those of the decoder, as they are sent the blocks of type B are offset by three blocks upstream so as to compensate for
20 the difference in processing speed between the decoder and the SIM card.

Figure 7c illustrates the time distribution of the blocks of the stream broadcast after scrambling and reorganisation.

25 Figure 7d illustrates the time distribution of the blocks of the stream received by the PDA before descrambling, and Figure 7e illustrates the time distribution of the blocks of the descrambled stream.

Figure 8 schematically illustrates the key change
30 mechanism for descrambling the blocks of the processed stream.

The duration of validity of an descrambling key is designated by crypto period. Prior to each start of a crypto period a message is inserted into the stream to warn the descrambling module of the change in crypto
5 period. This message contains all information necessary to descramble the stream during the following crypto period (for example the reference of the descrambling key to be utilised). This message is inserted into the stream before the start of the crypto period (delay
10 start) to enable the descrambling module to process the information of the message and be ready to descramble the data of the coming crypto period in real time.

Applications

15 This invention applies to the contents whereby the loss of part of the information renders the content unexecutable. This applies to the entire compressed audio and video contents where the loss of information is translated by rapid degradation of the quality
20 (audio, video, ebook, portable ring tones, image).

The deciphering modules are:

- portable media of smart card type, contactless smart card, detachable module (PCMCIA, series, USB, Ethernet),
- 25 - PC type terminals, server, digital decoder, mobile receiver (Mobile Telephone, PDA).

Services

- VOD (Video On Demand) by broadcast or by
30 download,

- MOD (Music On Demand) by broadcast or by download,
- Broadcasting of online electronic book,
- Broadcasting of ring tone for mobile telephone,
- 5 - Broadcasting of photo/image,
- Broadcasting of text, multimedia document.